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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

(MARK ONE)

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QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2001

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[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-13011

COMFORT SYSTEMS USA, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 76-0526487 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

777 POST OAK BOULEVARD
SUITE 500
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77056
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (713) 830-9600

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common stock, as of May 10, 2001, was 37,380,773.

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AMOUNTS)

	DECEMBER 31, 2000	MARCH 31, 2001
		(UNAUDITED)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,021	\$ 21,810
\$7,350 Other receivables Inventories. Prepaid expenses and other. Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings Net assets held for sale.	334,152 5,879 19,399 10,568 44,078 3,197	319,040 4,977 19,035 9,711 44,226 2,198
Total current assets	433,294 40,085	420,997 38,695
\$35,850 OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	450,493 2,538	447,547 3,610
Total assets	\$926,410 ======	\$910,849 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUIT	Y	
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Current maturities of long-term debt Current maturities of notes to affiliates and former	\$ 216	\$ 140
owners	8,850 114,613 40,880 68,574 26,942	12,567 102,162 33,229 71,512 28,479
Total current liabilities	260,075 224,111	248,089 222,959
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	41,424 561	37,707 564
Total liabilities COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	526,171	509,319
Preferred stock, \$.01 par, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		
39,258,913 shares issued	393 (13,119)	393 (11,728)
Additional paid-in capital	341,923 71,042	340,723 72,142
Total stockholders' equity	400,239	401,530
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$926,410 ======	\$910,849 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA) (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
		2001	
DEVENUES			
REVENUES COST OF SERVICES	. ,	\$368,128 304,231	
Gross profit	70,867 54,828	63,897 52,494	
GOODWILL AMORTIZATIONRESTRUCTURING CHARGES	3,183	3,021 238	
Operating income		8,144	
Interest income	169 (6,095) 102	43 (6,228) 144	
Other expense, net		` '	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	7,032 3,024	2,103 1,003	
NET INCOME	\$ 4,008 ======	\$ 1,100 ======	
NET INCOME PER SHARE: Basic	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.03	
Diluted	======= \$ 0.11 ======	\$ 0.03 ======	
SHARES USED IN COMPUTING NET INCOME PER SHARE: Basic			
Diluted	37,560 ====== 37,560	37,385 ====== 37,386	
DITUGEO	37,500	37,386	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AMOUNTS)

	COMMON STOCK		TREASURY	ST0CK	ADDITIONAL		TOTAL
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 1999	39,258,913	\$393	(1,695,524)	\$(11,978)	\$342,655	\$87,895	\$418,965
Issuance of Common Stock: Issuance of Employee Stock							
Purchase Plan shares				2,254	(732)		1,522
Common Stock repurchases Shares exchanged in repayment			(175,513)	(1,224)			(1,224)
of notes receivable Shares received from sale of			(385,996)	(1,975)			(1,975)
businesses			(74,808)	(196)			(196)
Net loss						(16,853)	(16,853)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2000 Issuance of Common Stock: Issuance of Employee Stock Purchase Plan shares	39,258,913	393	(2,002,629)	(13,119)	341,923	71,042	400,239
(unaudited) Shares received from sale of			269,481	1,766	(1,200)		566
businesses (unaudited)			(144,992)	(375)			(375)
Net income (unaudited)				`		1,100	1,100
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2001							
(unaudited)	39,258,913	\$393	(1,878,140)	\$(11,728)	\$340,723	\$72,142	\$401,530
	========	====	========	=======	=======	======	=======

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONT	i 31,
	2000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income	\$ 4,008	\$ 1,100
Restructuring charges	6,107 155 1,834 (96)	5,969 1,217 95
(Increase) decrease in Receivables, net	7,327 685 1,734 (10,662) 161	36 (1,522)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings Other, net	(800) (184)	(16,036) 2,634 3
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(896)	6,836
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of property and equipment Proceeds from sales of property and equipment Proceeds from businesses sold	(3,656) 176	(1,589) 309 895
Net cash used in investing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Payments on long-term debt	(65,325) 74,554 762 (935)	(59,537) 58,309 566
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	9,056	(662)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTSCASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	4,680 3,664	5,789 16,021
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period		\$ 21,810

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2001 (UNAUDITED)

1. BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION:

Comfort Systems USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Comfort Systems" and collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company"), is a leading national provider of comprehensive heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC") installation, maintenance, repair and replacement services. The Company operates primarily in the commercial and industrial HVAC markets, and performs most of its services within manufacturing plants, office buildings, retail centers, apartment complexes, and healthcare, education and government facilities. In addition to standard HVAC services, the Company provides specialized applications such as process cooling, building automation control systems, electronic monitoring and process piping. Certain locations also perform related services such as electrical and plumbing.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Basis of Presentation

These interim statements should be read in conjunction with the historical Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes of Comfort Systems included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2000 (the "Form 10-K").

There were no significant changes in the accounting policies of the Company during the periods presented. For a description of the significant accounting policies of the Company, refer to Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of Comfort Systems included in the Form 10-K.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared using generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and applicable rules of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include all information or footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Form 10-K. The Company believes all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of these interim statements have been included and are of a normal and recurring nature. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the fiscal year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions by management in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for interest for the three months ended March 31, 2000 and 2001 was approximately \$5.1 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. Cash paid for income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2000 and 2001 was approximately \$4.5 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

Accounting Pronouncement

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 133"). This standard requires entities to recognize all derivative instruments (including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts) as assets or liabilities in its balance sheet and measure them at fair value. The statement requires that changes in the derivatives' fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. SFAS No. 133, as amended, is effective for the Company beginning

January 1, 2001. The Company adopted these standards effective January 1, 2001 and there was no impact as the Company does not currently hold or trade derivative instruments.

3. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES:

During the first quarter of 2001, the Company recorded restructuring charges of approximately \$0.2 million, primarily related to contractual severance obligations of two operating presidents in connection with the Company's significant restructuring program undertaken in the second half of 2000. These restructuring charges are net of a gain of approximately \$0.1 million related to management's decision to sell a small operation during the first quarter of 2001.

During fiscal 2000, the Company recorded restructuring charges of approximately \$25.3 million primarily associated with restructuring efforts at certain underperforming operations and its decision to cease its e-commerce activities at Outbound Services, a subsidiary of the Company. As announced by the Company in the third quarter of 2000, management performed an extensive review of its operations during the second half of 2000. As part of this review, management decided to cease operating at three locations, sell five operations (including two smaller satellite operations), and merge two companies into other operations. These actions are substantially complete except that the Company is seeking buyers for two operations it is holding for sale. The Company anticipates that these operations will be sold during 2001. The restructuring charges were primarily non-cash and included goodwill impairments of approximately \$11.5 million and the writedown of other long-lived assets of approximately \$8.5 million. The remaining restructuring items primarily include severance and lease termination costs.

Severance costs recorded in 2000 and 2001 relate to the termination of 147 employees (142 of these employees had been terminated as of March 31, 2001) including certain corporate personnel and the management and employees of certain underperforming locations, and to the departure of the Company's former chief executive officer. The following table shows the remaining liabilities associated with the cash portion of the restructuring charges as of March 31, 2001 (in thousands):

	BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2001	ADDITIONS	PAYMENTS	BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2001
SeveranceLease termination costs and other	\$1,218	\$350	\$ (370)	\$1,198
	2,312		(642)	1,670
Total	\$3,530	\$350	\$(1,012)	\$2,868
	=====	====	======	=====

Aggregated financial information related to the operations addressed by restructuring is as follows (in thousands):

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
	2000	2001	
RevenuesOperating loss			

As of March 31, 2001, net assets held for sale are comprised of the following (in thousands):

Current assets (primarily accounts receivable)	\$ 3,949
Long-term assets	
Current liabilities (primarily accounts payable)	(1,737)
Long-term liabilities	(19)
Total	\$ 2,198
	======

The restructuring charges recorded in fiscal 2000 associated with the operations that were held for sale at March 31, 2001 were \$3.7 million and primarily related to impairments of goodwill and other long-lived assets based upon the estimated proceeds from the anticipated sale of these operations.

4. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS:

Long-term debt obligations consist of the following (in thousands):

	DECEMBER 31, 2000	MARCH 31, 2001
		(UNAUDITED)
Revolving credit facility	\$223,700 50,274 627	\$222,600 50,274 499
Total debtLess: current maturities	274,601 9,066	273,373 12,707
	\$265,535 ======	\$260,666 ======

Revolving Credit Facility

The Company amended its revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility" or the "Facility") provided by Bank One, Texas, N.A. ("Bank One") and other banks (the "Bank Group") in March 2001. As amended, the Credit Facility provides the Company with a revolving line of credit of up to the lesser of \$270 million or 80% of net accounts receivable. The Facility decreases to the lesser of \$250 million or 80% of net accounts receivable as of December 31, 2001, and to the lesser of \$240 million or 80% of net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2002. Borrowings under the Facility are secured by accounts receivable, inventory, fixed assets other than real estate, and the shares of capital stock of the Company's subsidiaries. The Credit Facility expires on January 1, 2003, at which time all amounts outstanding are due.

The Company has a choice of two interest rate options under the Facility. Under one option, the interest rate is determined based on the higher of the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% or Bank One's prime rate. An additional margin of 1% to 2% is then added to the higher of these two rates. Under the other interest rate option, borrowings bear interest based on designated short-term Eurodollar rates (which generally approximate London Interbank Offered Rates or "LIBOR") plus 2.5% to 3.5%. The additional margin for both options depends on the ratio of the Company's debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), as defined. Commitment fees of 0.375% to 0.5% per annum, also depending on the ratio of debt to EBITDA, are payable on the unused portion of the Facility.

The Credit Facility prohibits payment of dividends and the repurchase of shares by the Company, limits certain non-Bank Group debt, and restricts outlays of cash by the Company relating to certain investments, capital expenditures, vehicle leases, acquisitions and subordinate debt. The Credit Facility also provides for the maintenance of certain levels of shareholder equity and EBITDA, and for the maintenance of certain ratios of the Company's EBITDA to interest expense and debt to EBITDA.

Under the terms of the Credit Facility that were in effect as of June 30 and September 30, 2000, the Company was in violation of certain of the Facility's financial balance and ratio requirements. The Bank Group waived these violations. The restrictions and financial balance and ratio requirements currently effective under the Facility allow for performance during the first and second quarters of 2001 consistent with the Company's results in recent quarters, excluding restructuring and other nonrecurring charges. The Facility's restrictions and requirements then call for improvement from recent performance levels in the third and fourth quarters of 2001 and on a quarterly basis in 2002. The Facility's requirements reflect tighter restrictions, greater specificity and smaller allowable variances on most financial balances and ratios than is

typical for such agreements due to the Company's weaker results in 2000. While management believes its restructuring efforts and operating strategies along with general market conditions in the commercial/industrial HVAC and building automation controls industry will enable the Company to meet the Facility's requirements, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in doing so. Management intends to seek more flexible terms under its borrowing relationships as its results and credit market conditions allow.

As of March 31, 2001, the Company had \$222.6 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility and had incurred interest expense at an average rate of approximately 8.9% per annum for the first three months of 2001. The Credit Facility's interest rate terms as summarized above are effective as of March 22, 2001 and currently result in an all-in floating interest rate under the Facility's LIBOR option of approximately 8.3%. As of March 31, 2001, the Company also had \$2.3 million in letters of credit outstanding under the Facility, and unused borrowing capacity under the Facility of \$33.1 million. As of May 10, 2001, \$215.0 million in borrowings and \$2.0 million in letters of credit were outstanding under the Facility, and \$41.0 million in unused capacity was available.

Notes to Affiliates and Former Owners

Subordinated notes were issued to former owners of certain purchased companies as part of the consideration used to acquire their companies. These notes had an outstanding balance of \$50.3 million as of March 31, 2001. These notes bear interest, payable quarterly, at a weighted average interest rate of 9.66%. In addition, \$1.0 million of these notes are convertible by the holders into shares of the Company's common stock ("Common Stock") at a weighted average price of \$24.47 per share.

As a result of the Company's covenant violations in 2000 under the Credit Facility, the Bank Group required that originally scheduled principal payments to subordinate debt holders be suspended. This requirement took effect in October 2000. The holders of the Company's subordinate debt generally must wait one year from any payment defaults to pursue collection remedies against the Company. In March 2001, the Company entered into amended agreements with subordinate debt holders representing \$46.3 million in principal, including all the principal originally scheduled to be paid through 2001. These amended agreements allow for partial payments against certain originally scheduled payment amounts, defer remaining principal balances to April 2003, and increase the interest rate on this debt to 10% per annum, payable quarterly. Under these amended agreements, \$5.3 million of principal has been paid from April 1, 2001 to May 10, 2001. The amended agreements also cured all defaults that arose out of the suspension of principal payments to subordinate debt holders that began in October 2000. As a result of these amended agreements, the Company's annual maturities of subordinate debt are now \$8.9 million in 2001, \$4.7 million in 2002, and \$36.7 million in 2003.

Other Long-Term Obligation Disclosures

The Company anticipates that available borrowings under its Credit Facility and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet the Company's normal working capital and capital expenditure needs. As noted above, the Company has agreed to relatively tight restrictions under the Credit Facility. If the Company violates any of these restrictions, it will be required to negotiate new terms with its banks. There can be no assurance that in that event, the Company will receive satisfactory new terms from its banks, or that if the Company needs additional financing, that such financing can be secured when needed or on terms the Company deems acceptable.

5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Claims and Lawsuits

The Company is party to litigation in the ordinary course of business. There are currently no pending legal proceedings that, in management's opinion, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's operating results or financial condition. The Company has provided accruals for probable losses and related legal fees associated with certain of these actions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Self-Insurance

The Company retains the risk for worker's compensation, employer's liability, auto liability, general liability and employee group health claims resulting from uninsured deductibles per accident or occurrence. Losses up to the deductible amounts are accrued based upon the Company's known claims incurred and an estimate of claims incurred but not reported. The accruals are based upon known facts and historical trends, and management believes such accruals to be adequate. A wholly-owned insurance company subsidiary reinsures a portion of the risk associated with surety bonds issued by a third party insurance company. Because no claims have been made against these financial instruments in the past, management does not expect these instruments will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Treasury Stock

On October 5, 1999, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to buy up to 4.0 million shares of its Common Stock. During 1999, the Company purchased approximately 1.8 million shares at a cost of approximately \$12.9 million. During 2000, the Company purchased approximately 0.2 million shares at a cost of approximately \$1.2 million. Under the current terms of the Credit Facility, the Company is prohibited from purchasing additional shares of its Common Stock.

Restricted Common Stock

In March 1997, Notre Capital Ventures II, L.L.C. exchanged 2,742,912 shares of Common Stock for an equal number of shares of restricted voting common stock ("Restricted Voting Common Stock"). The holders of Restricted Voting Common Stock are entitled to elect one member of the Company's Board of Directors and 0.55 of one vote for each share on all other matters on which they are entitled to vote. Holders of Restricted Voting Common Stock are not entitled to vote on the election of any other directors.

Each share of Restricted Voting Common Stock will automatically convert to Common Stock on a share-for-share basis (i) in the event of a disposition of such share of Restricted Voting Common Stock by the holder thereof (other than a distribution which is a distribution by a holder to its partners or beneficial owners, or a transfer to a related party of such holders (as defined in Sections 267, 707, 318 and/or 4946 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended)), (ii) in the event any person acquires beneficial ownership of 15% or more of the total number of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company, or (iii) in the event any person offers to acquire 15% or more of the total number of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company. After July 1, 1998, the Board of Directors may elect to convert any remaining shares of Restricted Voting Common Stock into shares of Common Stock in the event 80% or more of the originally outstanding shares of Restricted Voting Common Stock have been previously converted into shares of Common Stock. As of March 31, 2001, there are 1,393,612 shares of Restricted Voting Common Stock remaining.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed considering the dilutive effect of stock options and convertible subordinated notes. Options to purchase 7.3 million shares of Common Stock at prices ranging from \$2.43 to \$21.438 per share were outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2001, but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the options' exercise prices were greater than the respective average market price of the Common Stock. Diluted EPS is also computed by adjusting both net earnings and shares outstanding as if the conversion of the convertible subordinated notes occurred on the first day of the year. The convertible subordinated notes had an anti-dilutive effect during the three months ended March 31, 2000 and 2001, and therefore, are not included in the diluted EPS calculation.

The following table reconciles the number of shares outstanding with the number of shares used in computing basic and diluted earnings per share for each of the periods presented (in thousands):

	THREE I	MONTHS ARCH 31,
	2000	2001
Common shares outstanding, end of period Effect of using weighted average common shares	•	37,381
outstanding	1	4
Shares used in computing earnings per share basic Effect of shares issuable under stock option plans based on	37,560	37,385
the treasury stock method		1
Shares used in computing earnings per share diluted	37,560	37,386

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

TNTRODUCTION

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the historical Consolidated Financial Statements of Comfort Systems USA, Inc. ("Comfort Systems" and collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company") and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and the Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2000 (the "Form 10-K"). This discussion contains forward-looking statements regarding the business and industry of Comfort Systems within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on the current plans and expectations of the Company and involve risks and uncertanties that could cause actual future activities and results of operations to be materially different from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ include risks set forth in "Factors Which May Affect Future Results," included in the Form 10-K.

The Company is a leading national provider of comprehensive heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC") installation, maintenance, repair and replacement services. The Company operates primarily in the commercial and industrial HVAC markets, and performs most of its services within manufacturing plants, office buildings, retail centers, apartment complexes, and healthcare, education and government facilities. In addition to standard HVAC services, the Company provides specialized applications such as process cooling, building automation control systems, electronic monitoring and process piping. Certain locations also perform related services such as electrical and plumbing.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,				
	2000		2001		
	(IN THOUSANDS)				
Revenues	\$362,566 291,699	100.0% 80.5%	\$368,128 304,231	100.0% 82.6%	
Gross profit	70,867 54,828 3,183	19.5% 15.1% 0.9%	63,897 52,494 3,021 238	17.4% 14.3% 0.8% 0.1%	
Operating income	12,856 (5,824)	3.5% (1.6)%	8,144 (6,041)	2.2% (1.6)%	
Income before income taxes	7,032 3,024	1.9%	2,103 1,003	0.6%	
Net income	\$ 4,008 ======	1.1%	\$ 1,100 ======	0.3%	

Revenues -- Revenues increased \$5.6 million, or 1.5%, to \$368.1 million for the first quarter of 2001 compared to 2000. The 1.5% revenue growth was comprised of approximately 4.8% internal growth largely offset by (3.3)% related to operations that were sold or shut down since the first quarter of last year.

This revenue growth rate is lower than those the Company experienced throughout 2000. A portion of the reduction in the growth rate results from an increase in the amount of project deferrals in certain markets during the first quarter of 2001. The lower internal growth rate is also consistent with management's decreased emphasis on revenue growth in favor of improvement in profit margins, operating efficiency, and cash flow. It is likely, therefore, that the Company will continue to experience modest revenue growth in upcoming periods. There can be no assurance, however, that this strategy will lead to improved profit margins in the near term. In addition, if general economic activity in the U.S. slows significantly from current levels, the Company may realize further decreases in revenue growth and operating margins.

Gross Profit -- Gross profit decreased \$7.0 million, or 9.8%, to \$63.9 million for the first quarter of 2001 compared to 2000. As a percentage of revenues, gross profit decreased from 19.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2000 to 17.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

The exclusion of operations that were sold or shut down since the first quarter of last year had virtually no effect on the decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenues. The decrease relates primarily to declines in first quarter performance at four ongoing operations. These included a larger operation involved in multi-unit markets in the South and Northeast, the Company's largest operating unit which is based in the Midwest, and one of the Company's mid-sized operations in the South. Management believes these entities will show improved results over the balance of this year. The Company also saw weak performance in an additional market where the Company's operations are undergoing operational and management consolidation. More broadly, the Company noted an increase in the amount of project deferrals in certain markets while in other, stronger markets, skilled and technical labor availability continued to be tight.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses ("SG&A") -- SG&A decreased \$2.3 million, or 4.3%, to \$52.5 million for the first quarter of 2001 compared to 2000. The decrease in SG&A primarily related to operations that were sold or shut down. As a percentage of revenues, SG&A decreased from 15.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2000 to 14.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2001. Exclusion of the operations that were sold or shut down had virtually no effect on this decline in SG&A as a percentage of revenues. Rather, the decrease resulted from increased internal revenue volume without a commensurate increase in overhead costs.

Restructuring Charges -- During the first quarter of 2001, the Company recorded restructuring charges of approximately \$0.2 million, primarily related to contractual severance obligations of two operating presidents in connection with the Company's significant restructuring program undertaken in the second half of 2000. These restructuring charges are net of a gain of approximately \$0.1 million related to management's decision to sell a small operation during the first quarter of 2001.

Income Tax Expense -- The Company's effective tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 were 47.7% and 43.0%, respectively. The Company's provision for income taxes differs from the federal statutory rate primarily due to state income taxes (net of federal income tax benefit) and the non-deductibility of the amortization of goodwill attributable to certain acquisitions.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flow -- Cash provided by operating activities less customary capital expenditures plus the proceeds from asset sales is generally called free cash flow and, if positive, represents funds available to invest in significant operating initiatives, to acquire other companies or to reduce a company's outstanding debt or equity. If free cash flow is negative, additional debt or equity is generally required to fund the outflow of cash.

For the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Company had positive free cash flow of \$5.6 million, an increase of \$10.0 million as compared to negative free cash flow of \$4.4 million in the first quarter of 2000. This improvement primarily resulted from faster billing by the Company for its project work while maintaining the same average days to collect receivables once billed, as well as a decrease in net capital expenditures versus the prior year.

Cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2001 was \$0.7 million and was primarily attributable to net payments of long-term debt of \$1.2 million. Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2000 was \$9.1 million and was primarily attributable to net borrowings of long-term debt primarily used for working capital and capital expenditures.

Revolving Credit Facility -- The Company amended its revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility" or the "Facility") provided by Bank One, Texas, N.A. ("Bank One") and other banks (the "Bank Group") in March 2001. As amended, the Credit Facility provides the Company with a revolving line of credit of up to the lesser of \$270 million or 80% of net accounts receivable. The Facility decreases to the lesser of \$250 million or 80% of net accounts receivable as of December 31, 2001, and to the lesser of \$240 million or 80% of net accounts receivable as of June 30, 2002. Borrowings under the Facility are secured by accounts receivable,

inventory, fixed assets other than real estate, and the shares of capital stock of the Company's subsidiaries. The Credit Facility expires on January 1, 2003, at which time all amounts outstanding are due.

The Company has a choice of two interest rate options under the Facility. Under one option, the interest rate is determined based on the higher of the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% or Bank One's prime rate. An additional margin of 1% to 2% is then added to the higher of these two rates. Under the other interest rate option, borrowings bear interest based on designated short-term Eurodollar rates (which generally approximate London Interbank Offered Rates or "LIBOR") plus 2.5% to 3.5%. The additional margin for both options depends on the ratio of the Company's debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), as defined. Commitment fees of 0.375% to 0.5% per annum, also depending on the ratio of debt to EBITDA, are payable on the unused portion of the Facility.

The Credit Facility prohibits payment of dividends and the repurchase of shares by the Company, limits certain non-Bank Group debt, and restricts outlays of cash by the Company relating to certain investments, capital expenditures, vehicle leases, acquisitions and subordinate debt. The Credit Facility also provides for the maintenance of certain levels of shareholder equity and EBITDA, and for the maintenance of certain ratios of the Company's EBITDA to interest expense and debt to EBITDA.

Under the terms of the Credit Facility that were in effect as of June 30 and September 30, 2000, the Company was in violation of certain of the Facility's financial balance and ratio requirements. The Bank Group waived these violations. The restrictions and financial balance and ratio requirements currently effective under the Facility allow for performance during the first and second quarters of 2001 consistent with the Company's results in recent quarters, excluding restructuring and other nonrecurring charges. The Facility's restrictions and requirements then call for improvement from recent performance levels in the third and fourth quarters of 2001 and on a quarterly basis in 2002. The Facility's requirements reflect tighter restrictions, greater specificity and smaller allowable variances on most financial balances and ratios than is typical for such agreements due to the Company's weaker results in 2000. While management believes its restructuring efforts and operating strategies along with general market conditions in the commercial/industrial HVAC and building automation controls industry will enable the Company to meet the Facility's requirements, there can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in doing so. Management intends to seek more flexible terms under its borrowing relationships as its results and credit market conditions allow.

As of March 31, 2001, the Company had \$222.6 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility and had incurred interest expense at an average rate of approximately 8.9% per annum for the first three months of 2001. The Credit Facility's interest rate terms as summarized above are effective as of March 22, 2001 and currently result in an all-in floating interest rate under the Facility's LIBOR option of approximately 8.3%. As of March 31, 2001, the Company also had \$2.3 million in letters of credit outstanding under the Facility, and unused borrowing capacity under the Facility of \$33.1 million. As of May 10, 2001, \$215.0 million in borrowings and \$2.0 million in letters of credit were outstanding under the Facility, and \$41.0 million in unused capacity was available.

Notes to Affiliates and Former Owners -- Subordinated notes were issued to former owners of certain purchased companies as part of the consideration used to acquire their companies. These notes had an outstanding balance of \$50.3 million as of March 31, 2001. These notes bear interest, payable quarterly, at a weighted average interest rate of 9.66%. In addition, \$1.0 million of these notes are convertible by the holders into shares of the Company's common stock ("Common Stock") at a weighted average price of \$24.47 per share.

As a result of the Company's covenant violations in 2000 under the Credit Facility, the Bank Group required that originally scheduled principal payments to subordinate debt holders be suspended. This requirement took effect in October 2000. The holders of the Company's subordinate debt generally must wait one year from any payment defaults to pursue collection remedies against the Company. In March 2001, the Company entered into amended agreements with subordinate debt holders representing \$46.3 million in principal, including all the principal originally scheduled to be paid through 2001. These amended agreements allow for partial payments against certain originally scheduled payment amounts, defer remaining principal

balances to April 2003, and increase the interest rate on this debt to 10% per annum, payable quarterly. Under these amended agreements, \$5.3 million of principal has been paid from April 1, 2001 to May 10, 2001. The amended agreements also cured all defaults that arose out of the suspension of principal payments to subordinate debt holders that began in October 2000. As a result of these amended agreements, the Company's annual maturities of subordinate debt are now \$8.9 million in 2001, \$4.7 million in 2002, and \$36.7 million in 2003.

Outlook -- The Company anticipates that available borrowings under its Credit Facility and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet the Company's normal working capital and capital expenditure needs. As noted above, the Company has agreed to relatively tight restrictions under the Credit Facility. If the Company violates any of these restrictions, it will be required to negotiate new terms with its banks. There can be no assurance that in that event, the Company will receive satisfactory new terms from its banks, or that if the Company needs additional financing, that such financing can be secured when needed or on terms the Company deems acceptable.

Treasury Stock -- On October 5, 1999, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to buy up to 4.0 million shares of its Common Stock. During 1999, the Company purchased approximately 1.8 million shares at a cost of approximately \$12.9 million. During 2000, the Company purchased approximately 0.2 million shares at a cost of approximately \$1.2 million. Under the current terms of the Credit Facility, the Company is prohibited from purchasing additional shares of its Common Stock.

SEASONALITY AND CYCLICALITY

The HVAC industry is subject to seasonal variations. Specifically, the demand for new installation and replacement is generally lower during the winter months due to reduced construction activity during inclement weather and less use of air conditioning during the colder months. Demand for HVAC services is generally higher in the second and third calendar quarters due to increased construction activity and increased use of air conditioning during the warmer months. Accordingly, the Company expects its revenues and operating results generally will be lower in the first and fourth calendar quarters.

Historically, the construction industry has been highly cyclical. As a result, the Company's volume of business may be adversely affected by declines in new installation projects in various geographic regions of the United States.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to potential adverse changes in interest rates. Management is actively involved in monitoring exposure to market risk and continues to develop and utilize appropriate risk management techniques.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is subject to certain claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business and maintains various insurance coverages to minimize financial risk associated with these claims. The Company has provided accruals for probable losses and related legal fees associated with certain of these actions in its consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, uninsured losses, if any, resulting from the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 2. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

During the three month period ended March 31, 2001, the Company did not issue any unregistered shares of its common stock.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

None.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

None.

ITEM 9. CHANGES AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMFORT SYSTEMS USA, INC.

By: /s/ J. GORDON BEITTENMILLER

J. Gordon Beittenmiller Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Director

Dated: May 14, 2001